#### **Department of Political Science**

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)**

#### **PLS-H-CC-101T**

#### **UNDERSTANDING POLITICAL THEORY**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit provides conceptual clarity about political theory. This unit also presents different traditions of political theory like, liberal, Marxist Anarchist and conservative.
CO/UNIT 2	Basically, this unit teaches us different approaches to political theory, especially, normative, historical and empirical approaches of political theory.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit provides a contemporary perspective on feminist and post-modern political theory.
CO/UNIT 4	The unit paves the way for the practicability of political theory. This unit deals with specifically democracy and procedural democracy.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit provides knowledge about deliberative democracy, participation and representation.

#### **PLS-H-CC- 102T**

#### **Constitutional Government and Democracy in India**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit provides us with knowledge about our Constitution, its features, preamble, philosophy etc. It also provides us with knowledge about our Fundamental Rights, Fundamental dut Fundamental Duties and DPSP.

CO/UNIT 2	This unit represents one of the branches of govt that is the executive branch. This provides for the powers and functions of the executive branch, such as the President, the Prime Minister, Union council of Ministers.
CO/UNIT 3	this unit deals with the other two branches of the govt, the legislature and the Judiciary.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit provides us with a pen picture of centre-state relations, division of power, and emergency provisions. In simple words, it provides us with knowledge about federalism.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit is about the Panchayati Raj System, and municipalities. It also provides necessary knowledge about the Sixth schedule of the constitution of India.

#### PLS-GE/DSC - 101T (PASS)

#### **Introduction to Political Theory**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit provides us with knowledge about the meaning and relevance of politics and political theory.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about the concepts of democracy, liberty, equality and justice
CO/UNIT 3	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about citizenship, rights, civil society and state.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about democracy and censorship
CO/UNIT 5	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about protective discrimination and state intervention in the institution of the family of political theory.

#### **PLS-H-CC- 201T**

#### **POLITICAL THEORY- CONCEPTS AND DEBATES**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit deals with the importance of freedom, both positive and negative.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit provides us with knowledge about equality, and political equality. This unit also deals with egalitarianism.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit deals with procedural, distributive and global justice to make the learners aware of different dimensions of justice.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit aims at providing knowledge about the universalities of rights to the learners.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit aims at providing knowledge about Human Rights, Multiculturalism etc.

## **PLS-H-CC- 202T**

#### **POLITICAL PROCESS IN INDIA**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit picturises conceptual clarity about political parties and the party system in India.
CO/UNIT 2	this unit aware the learners of voting behaviour, and determinants, such as caste, class, gender, religion etc.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit teaches us about regional aspirations, it also aware the learners of the politics of succession and accommodation.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit provides us with knowledge about religion and politics, especially about secularism and communalism.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit teaches us caste politics, the politicization of caste, women and also about class and caste.

#### <u>PLS-GE/DSC – 201T</u>

#### **Indian Government and Politics**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit provides the learners necessary knowledge about the Constitution of India.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit represents the branches of govt that is executive, legislative and judiciary branches.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit represents the power structure of India and religious politics.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit represents parties and the party system in India. This unit also provides knowledge about different social movements like environmental movements, women's movements etc.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit deals with planned economy and neo-liberalism.

#### PLS-H-CC-301T

# INTRODUCTION TO COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Unit Serial Number	Course Outcome
CO/UNIT 1	It teaches us the nature and scope of Comparative Politics.
CO/UNIT 2	It teaches us the meaning and development of Capitalism and Globalization.
CO/UNIT 3	It teaches us the meaning, growth and development of Socialism.
CO/UNIT 4	It teaches us the meaning of Colonization, forms of Colonization, anti-colonialism, struggles and the process of decolonization.
CO/UNIT 5	It teaches us a comparative study of the Constitutions of Britain, Nigeria, Bangladesh and China.

#### **PLS-H-CC-302T**

## **PERSPECTIVE ON PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	It teaches us the meaning, dimension and significance of Public Administration. It also teaches us about Public and private administration as well as the Evolution of Public Administration.
CO/UNIT 2	It teaches us the Scientific Management theory of (F.W.Taylor), the Administrative Management theory of (Gullic, Urwick, Fayol) and the Ideal-type bureaucracy of (Max Weber).
CO/UNIT 3	It teaches us the Human Relation Theory of (Elton Mayo). Rational Decision-Making theory of (Herbert Simon) Ecological Approach of (Fred Riggs) and Innovation and Entrepreneurship Theory of (Peter Drucker)
CO/UNIT 4	It teaches us the concept, relevance and approaches of Public Policy as well as formulation, implementation and evaluation of Public Policy.
CO/UNIT 5	It teaches us the major approaches in Public Administration such as the New Public Administration, New Public Management, Good Governance, New Public Service Approach and the Feminist Perspectives.

#### **PLS-H-CC-303T**

# PERSPECTIVES ON INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS <u>AND WORLD HISTORY</u>

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	It teaches us the History and Emergence of the International State System and also teaches us about Post Westphalia.
CO/UNIT 2	It teaches us Classical Realism and Neo-Realism. Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism, Marxist Approach and Feminist Approach.
CO/UNIT 3	It teaches us the Cause and Consequence of World War I and II, the Significance of the Bolshevik Revolution and the Rise of Fascism/Nazism.
CO/UNIT 4	It teaches us about the emergence of the Third World, the Collapse of the USSR and the End of the Cold War.

## PLS-SEC- 301(BOTH PASS & HONS)

# DEMOCRATIC AWARENESS WITH LEGAL LITERACY

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit provides us with knowledge about legal systems in India, such as courts, the role of police, executive, criminal laws etc.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit provides us with knowledge and a brief understanding of laws applicable in India.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit provides us knowledge about laws relating to criminal jurisdiction, Cr P C, IPC, offences against women, I prevention of atrocities, sexual harassment, violence against women, cyber crimes etc.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit provides us with knowledge about legal services authorities, NGOs, Lok Adalat etc.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit provides us with knowledge about understanding the functioning of the legal system, the legal service authorities act and the right to legal aid. this unit provides us with knowledge

#### PLSC-DSC/GE- 301T

## **COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	It teaches us the nature, scope and methods of comparative political analysis.
CO/UNIT 2	It teaches us to compare regimes such as Authoritarian and Democratic.
CO/UNIT 3	It teaches us about the different political systems such as Parliamentary and Presidential, Federal and Unitary.
CO/UNIT 4	It teaches us about the Electoral Systems and the Party System.
CO/UNIT 5	It teaches us about contemporary debates on the nature of states such as from state-centric security to human-centric security.

#### **PLS-H-CC-401T**

#### POLITICAL PROCESS AND INSTITUTIONS IN COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVES

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit gives a detailed analysis of political culture and also the concept of New Institutionalism.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit gives a detailed analysis of political culture and also the concept of New Institutionalism.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit gives a detailed analysis of political culture and also the concept of New Institutionalism.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit gives a detailed analysis of political culture and also the concept of New Institutionalism.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit gives a detailed analysis of political culture and also the concept of New Institutionalism.

#### **PLS-H-CC-402T**

## **PUBLIC POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This chapter deals with different models of public administration, particularly in India.
CO/UNIT 2	It talked about the decentralisation process; local self-government in India.
CO/UNIT 3	In this chapter, the main topic is budget, its significance and also about the budget cycle.
CO/UNIT 4	It mainly discusses the concept of public service delivery, RTI, Lokpal, E-governance etc
CO/UNIT 5	This chapter specifically deals with the concept and approaches of social welfare and social welfare policies such as MGNREGA, National Health Mission etc.

#### PLS-H-CC-403T

#### **GLOBAL POLITICS**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit gives us an understanding of globalisation and alternative perspectives, sovereignty and territory
CO/UNIT 2	This chapter gives emphasis on the global economy, WTO, TNCs, global social movements etc.
CO/UNIT 3	This chapter gives us an idea about international environment agreements, climate change, and the proliferation of nuclear weapons.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit is more concerned with issues like international terrorism, migration and human security.
CO/UNIT 5	This chapter discusses global politics and the relevance of UNO.

#### PLS-DSC/GE-401T

#### **INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATION**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit gives us an idea about the approaches of Classical Realism and Neo-Realism.
CO/UNIT 2	This chapter gives emphasis on Structural Approaches such as the World System Approach and Dependency School.
CO/UNIT 3	This chapter gives us an idea about the causes and consequences of the Cold War.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit is more concerned with India's Foreign Policy.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit is more concerned with India's Foreign Policy.

# PLS-SEC- 401T (BOTH PASS & HONS) PUBLIC OPINION AND SURVEY RESEARCH

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit teach about public opinion, its definition, characteristics, role and its usage.
CO/UNIT 2	this unit provides knowledge about sampling, its types and sampling errors.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit deals with interviewing and questionnaire methods of sampling
CO/UNIT 4	This unit teaches about quantitative data analysis of research.
CO/UNIT 5	this unit provides knowledge about opinion polls, their merits and demerits.

#### **PSC-H-CC-501T**

#### **CLASSICAL POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit introduces the Early Greek political thinkers, Socrates, and Sophists and their influence on Political Theory.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit teaches the philosophy of Plato, the philosopher king, justice, communism, theory of forms among others.
CO/UNIT 3	In this unit, Aristotelean theories like Citizenship, Justice, State and Household, and Virtue are explained.
CO/UNIT 4	Machiavelli's Virtue, Religion and Republicanism are explained in this unit.
CO/UNIT 5	The Human Nature of Hobbes along with the State of Nature, Social Contract and State are taught in this unit. Theories by Locke like Laws of Nature, Natural Rights, and Property also are explained in this unit.

#### **PSC-H-CC-502T**

#### **INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT – I**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit introduces Indian Political Thought of the pre-colonial era and includes Brahmanic and Shramanic traditions, along with Islamic and Syncretic ideas.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit teaches the Rajdharma of Ved Vyasa from Shantiparva of Mahabharata.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit teaches Social Laws from Manusmriti, written by Manu. Theory of State by Kautilya is also taught in this unit.
CO/UNIT 4	Political Philosophy of Barani is taught in this unit, along with concepts of administration by the Sultans ruling India.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit teaches Monarchy of Abul Fazal and Syncretism of Kabir

#### PLS-DSE-H-501T

## INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY IN A GLOBALIZING WORLD

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit introduces to the Foreign Policy of India, from a Postcolonial state to an Aspiring Global Power.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit deals with the relations between the USA and the erstwhile USSR and now Russia.
CO/UNIT 3	India's engagements with China and the relationship between the two neighbouring countries of Asia are taught in this unit.

CO/UNIT 4	This unit deal with the position of India in South Asia and debates the regional strategies.
CO/UNIT 5	The negotiation style of India and strategies for trade, environment and security regimes are taught in this chapter, along with the role of India in the contemporary Multipolar World.

#### **PLS-DSE-H- 502T**

## **HUMAN RIGHTS IN A COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVE**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit introduces to understanding Human Rights with an understanding of the Three Generation of Rights, Universal Declaration of Human Rights and Institutionalization.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit is a comparative study of the National Constitutions of South Africa and India in the context of Human Rights.
CO/UNIT 3	Comparative studies of issues such as Torture in India and the USA; Surveillance and Censorship between India and China; and Terrorism and Insecurity of Minorities between the USA and India are taught in this unit.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit is a comparative study of Structural Violence including Caste and Race between South Africa and India. Along with Gender and Violence in India and Pakistan.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit teaches about the Land Question of Adivasis of India and Aboriginals of Australia.

#### **PLS-SEC- 501T**

#### **DEMOCRATIC AWARENESS AND LEGAL LITERACY**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit provides us with knowledge about the legal system in India such as courts, tribunals etc.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about Constitutional rights and their enforcement. This unit also emphasizes the importance of PIL.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about Laws relating to criminal jurisdiction such as FIR, bail etc.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about Laws relating to dowry, sexual harassment, violence against women etc.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about Consumer rights, RTI, Cyber Laws etc.

#### PLS-DSE- PASS- 501T

## **THEMES IN COMPARATIVE POLITICAL THEORY**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	The first unit in this paper introduces the features of Indian and Western Political Thought
CO/UNIT 2	This unit teaches about western Political thought like Aristotle's Citizenship, Locke's Right and Rousseau's Inequality.
CO/UNIT 3	J. S Mill's Liberty and Democracy along with Marx and Bakunin's state is taught in this unit.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit explores Indian political thinkers like Kautilya's State and Tilak and Gandhi's ideas of Swaraj.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit deals with Ambedkar and Lohia's Social Justice, Nehru and Jayprakash Narayan's ideas on Democracy along with Pandita Ramabai's feminism and opposition to Patriarchy.

#### **PSC-H-CC-601T**

#### **MODERN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit deals with the theories like General Will, Direct Democracy, Self-Government and Origin of Inequality of Jean Jacques Rousseau.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit deals with the feminist theories of Mary Wollstonecraft and criticism of Rousseau's Idea of Education, Legal Rights and Women & Paternalism.
CO/UNIT 3	Liberty, Suffrage and Subjection of Women, Rights of Minorities and Utility Principal of John Stuart Mill is taught in this chapter.
CO/UNIT 4	Marxian Historical Materialism, Alienation and Class Struggle is taught in this unit.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit teaches the State and Hegemony theory of Antonio Gramsci.

#### PLS-H-CC-602T

#### **INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT II**

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit is an introduction to Modern Indian Political Thought and modern political thinkers of India and the beginning of the Renaissance in India.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit teaches theories of Indian Political Thinkers, Raja Rammohan Roy's Right and Tagore's Critique of Nationalism, along with Vivekananda's Ideal Society.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit deals with the feminism of Pandita Ramabai Ranade and his ideas on Gender rights.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit deals with Gandhi's Swaraj, Ambedkar's Social Justice and Savarkar's Hindutva ideologies.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit deals with ideas of Iqbal's Community, Nehru's Secularism and Lohia's Socialism.

#### PLS-DSE-H- 601T

#### <u>Development Process & Social Movements in Contemporary</u> <u>India</u>

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit teaches about Development processes since Independence including State and Planning and Liberalization and reforms.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit deals with Industrial Development Strategy and its Impact on the Social Structure is taught in this unit along with Mixed Economy, privatization and the impact on organized and unorganized labour. The emergence of the new middle class is also taught in this unit.
CO/UNIT 3	Land Reforms, Green Revolution and the agrarian crisis since the 1990s and its impact on the farmers are taught in this unit.
CO/UNIT 4	Social Movements of Tribals, Peasants, Dalit and Women's Movements are taught in this unit.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit teaches Maoist challenges and Civil Rights Movements.

#### PLS-DSE-H-602T

# FREEDOM MOVEMENT AND POLITICS IN NORTH EAST INDIA

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit deals with the Geopolitical and Historical Profile of North East during British Annexation and the Amalgamation of Sylhet and Cachar to Assam and its Consequences. It also teaches the nature and growth of the freedom struggle in different parts of the North East in the 19th Century.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit deals with the formation of the Indian National Congress and the Moderate and the Militant Phase along with its impact on the North East. This unit also teaches the Gandhian Era in the North East and the role of the Non- Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement and Quit Inda Movement.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit teaches about North East in the Twilight of Independence with the role of Cabinet Mission and the Grouping Plan & Partition.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit deals with Congress and Muslim League Politics in the North East. The Sylhet Referendum and the transfer of Sylhet to Pakistan are also taught in this chapter along with its consequences.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit deals with post-independence issues in the North East like politics of Immigration, language politics and re-organisation of Assam, Anti-Foreigners Agitation in Assam and its Consequences in the North East. This unit deals with autonomy and statehood movements and the impact of insurgency in the North East.

#### PLS-DSE-PASS-601T

## ADMINISTRATION AND PUBLIC POLICY: CONCEPTS AND THEORIES

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit teaches public administration as a discipline along with its meaning and scope and significance. It also teaches about public and private administration, brief evolution and major approaches and comparative approaches to public administration.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit teaches about concepts of classical theory, scientific management of administrative theories; with relation theory and rational decision making.

CO/UNIT 3	This unit teaches concepts and theories of public policy and its relevance in making in public administration and the process of policy formulation and implementation along with its evaluation.
CO/UNIT 4	This unit is a study on Development Administration to New Public Management and also the Elements and politics of development administration.
CO/UNIT 5	This unit teaches and critically analyses the New Public Management paradigm.

# PLS-SEC-601T CONFLICT AND PEACE BUILDING

UNIT SERIAL NUMBER	COURSE OUTCOME
CO/UNIT 1	This unit provides us with knowledge about the understanding of conflict, its management, resolution and peace building.
CO/UNIT 2	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about the dimensions of conflict, ideological concepts and conflicts on economic and resource sharing.
CO/UNIT 3	This unit provides the learners with the dimensions of conflict, socio- cultural and ethnic issues of conflict wrf to NE India
CO/UNIT 4	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about skills and techniques to respond to conflicts like negotiations, mediation etc both at National and International level
CO/UNIT 5	This unit provides the learners with knowledge about skills and techniques to understand peace building, diplomacy, Galtung's theory of Peace Building etc.

#### Link of CBCS Syllabus for Political Science Honours Course

http://www.aus.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/BA-PSC-Hons-CBCS-Revised-in-BUGS.pdf

#### Link of CBCS Syllabus for Political Science Pass Course

 $\underline{http://www.aus.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/BA-PSC-CBCS-Pass-syllabus-finalized-Bugs-Revised.pdf}$ 

#### Criterion-II Department of Political Science

Metric 2.6.2 Session: 2020-2021

#### PROGRAM-SPECIFIC OUTCOMEs (PSO)

**Political Science** in **Graduation** explores various areas of interest in the realm of both **theory** and the **practice** of Politics. Political Science is an age-old discipline which stood the test of time as it is constantly revised and updated by social scientists, political theorists and scholars. This field of study has myriad advantages for any student, be it understanding the governance, the policies and plans, the fast-changing dynamics of the global world, and other geo-political and cross-boundary issues in and outside a state. As a citizen of the largest democracy, it is very important to have an understanding of the political issues concerning the country, its programs and its people. This is a global world and a whisper in one country can be a loud echo in another.

#### PROGRAM-SPECIFIC OUTCOME (PSO) for Honours

Advantages of Political Science Honours in Graduation can be many, not only it is helpful for competitive exam for a student, but it has a discipline it imbibes a deeper understanding of society. It gives equal importance to the Indian Society as well as the western and Greek. Even though the advantages or perks of this subject cannot be structured into some points, this is just a humble attempt-

**1. Understanding Democracy and the Constitution:** The first thing any Political Science Honours student will probably learn in college is about the Democracy of India, which is regarded as the "Largest Democracy in the World". Not just the Indian democracy, but a comparative democracy of other countries is also the concern of the study. Along with democracy, the Constitution of India, its preamble, the articles and various sections are also a part of the study. This study helps with understanding the fabric of this democracy that unites us and gives us freedom and rights.

**<u>2. Comparative Study of the Government:</u>** The governments of different countries work differently. India is a republic, whereas Bahrain is a Constitutional Monarchy and so are Bhutan, Japan and the United Kingdom among others. The government of Afghanistan has been unstable and now has been occupied by the Taliban regime. Nepal became a democracy only 14 years back and the list goes on. This comparative study of different countries and their government helps us understand the countries of the world and their system of government. This

understanding makes us global citizens as the world is now in our global village with the advent of technology.

**3.** Critical and Logical Thinking Skills: One can only analyze critically when one knows the subject matter. Political Science is one of the disciplines which not just teaches theories but also criticizes them logically with facts and arguments. This exercise can help a student develop critical and logical thinking skills for any subject matter. Be it the decisions made by the government or the organization that any student of this discipline will work in the future.

**<u>4. Learning About the Issues That Matter:</u>** There are many issues that concern various sections of the public. In India, there are issues related to minorities' rights, rights of the Adivasis, reservation in education and employment and again lack of employment opportunities. Issues regarding our border are also relevant and the relations with the neighbouring countries.

**5.** Updated with the facts and affairs: News play a very important role in the study of Political Science as this subject concerns the areas of daily life. Political Science deals with matters that are constantly getting updated, from key decisions in the sessions of the parliament to the strategies adopted by international organisations such as the UN to deal with the matters like the environment, climate, refugee crisis etc. Other than that elections, impeachment, war and conflict can also be better understood with knowledge of Political Science.

**<u>6. Values of justice and ethics:</u>** Political science degrees may encourage students to develop a more nuanced understanding of the importance of legal justice and moral behaviours. This can be especially important for professionals who work with sensitive and confidential information, such as customer data or governmental policies under development.

**7. Relevance in Other Disciplines:** Study of Political Science can also help in developing knowledge of other fields, such as Economics, Geography and History, among others. In Economics, the plans and programs that the government adopts can be better understood with knowledge of Political Science and vice-versa. Without the knowledge of Geography, understanding geopolitics would be difficult. In the case of History, the historical analysis of the society helps with a better understanding of today's society. The past determines the future.

#### **PROGRAM-SPECIFIC OUTCOME (PSO) for Pass**

As a pass paper, the subject of Political Science makes the combination very relevant for a student. If any student wants to pursue a career in administration, public relations or maintaining law and order like police or defence. Political Science complements disciplines like Economics,

Sociology, Geography and History. Following are some of the advantages of Political Science as a pass paper in Graduation:

**<u>1. Understanding Political Institutions:</u>** Political Science as a disciple in pass course can help students equip with the understanding of the political institutions and laws that govern and business functions of these institutions.

**<u>2. Diverse Career Options:</u>** Knowledge of Political Science can help a student with diverse career choices such as law, journalism, elementary and secondary education and also postings in government and political offices.

**<u>3. Logical and Critical Thinking</u>:** The study of Political Science can enhance more than just the knowledge but also boost the critical thinking in students along with reasoning abilities, research, aptitude and analytical capabilities.

**<u>4. Increased Social Awareness:</u>** Political Science can ground the student in the importance of political participation and prepares them to take part in the political life of their communities and the nation.

**<u>5. Global Awareness</u>**: The pass paper in Political Science also has dynamic lessons on the world of not just India but our neighbours and also the countries far away from us. Political awareness will make an individual a global citizen well versed with international organisations and regional institutions along with government bodies.

**<u>6. Advantages in Competitive Exams:</u>** All the competitive exams of today have sections on general awareness. Knowledge of political science can boost a student to excel in those general awareness sections in any competitive exams.

**7. Political History of India:** The pass paper in Political Science has in-depth knowledge of the political history of the country. This will help a student learn about the advent of the British and how India came under colonial control. Along with that, the freedom movement and the fight for independence also find importance in this paper. The post-independence environment in the country can also be learnt from the course.